



Session 4: Confronting Demand Part 1 – In the World through Legislation and Law Enforcement

Why Confront Demand?

- If you end _____ then there is no more need for _____ and it is not lucrative anymore for _____.

Who is the Demand?

- Sex buyers are typically _____ and they range in _____ BUT they are not _____.
Sex buyers share certain _____, _____, and _____.

- Top deterrents to sex buyers:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

- As Christians, we define “sex buyer” broadly. It is _____ who _____ because all forms of commercial sex (prostitution, pornography, trafficking, etc.) are _____.
- In order to stop _____, we must stop the _____ for all _____.

Confronting Demand through Law Enforcement and Legislation

- The Government’s role is to _____ and to _____, while the role of the Church is to offer _____ and _____.

- The reason we confront demand through laws that criminalize _____ is that the demand for _____ and the demand for _____ come from the same _____.

Four Legal Models that Respond to Prostitution

- Criminalization
- Decriminalization
- Legalization and the 5-Step Cycle
 1. _____
 2. _____
 3. _____
 4. _____
 5. _____
- Abolition of Prostitution (Swedish Model)

Twelve Tactics for Confronting Demand

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

For more information about these twelve tactics, visit DemandForum.net.

Current Laws

Taking Action

- Advocate for laws and actions that recognize _____ prostituted persons as _____.
- Work with law enforcement to see _____.
- Engage the _____.
- Make your _____ heard.
- Pray

Discussion Questions

- What did you learn about men who buy sex that was surprising or new information?
- What did you learn or find interesting about the different types of legal models used to address human trafficking?